# ASSEMBLY AND INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS

T0575 / T0576

# WARNING: TO AVOID RISK OF ELECTRICAL SHOCK, BE SURE TO SHUT OFF POWER BEFORE INSTALLING OR SERVICING THIS FIXTURE.

NOTE: 1. Before installing, consult local electrical codes for wiring and grounding requirements.
2. READ AND SAVE THESE INSTRUCTIONS.

# Hardware Package (included): Cross Bar Unit X1 Ball Nut X2 Ball Nut X2 Rubber Pad X2 Wire Connector X3

### **Important to Know**

- 1. Read all instructions carefully before installation and operation.
- 2. If you are not familiar with state and local electrical codes, it is recommended that you consult with a qualified electrician.
- 3. Before installation, shut off power at the main fuse or circuit breaker box. Be aware that simply turning off the wall switch is not sufficient to prevent an electrical shock.
- 4. This fixture requires a 120 VAC, 60 Hz power source.
- 5. Do not attempt to take the lantern apart; there are no serviceable parts inside.
- 6. To avoid sensor damage by lightning or electrical surge, make sure the grounding wire is securely connected.
- 7. For general safety and to avoid any possible damage to the sensor, be sure the power is switched "off" before replacing the bulb.
- 8. Compatible with LED dimmable bulb.

Maximum Wattage: 60W Incandescent Bulb or 20W LED

**Dimmable Bulb** 

Work Temperature: -4°F~104°F

### **Features**

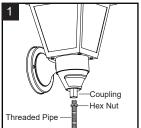
- 1. Energy saving fixture.
- Use dim-to-full brightness where dim-illumination is preferred, such as your front entrance. Use off-to-full brightness where off/on illumination is preferred, such as your backyard.
- 3. When in manual override mode, use wall switch to keep the light ON till dawn.wn.



### **Installation Steps**

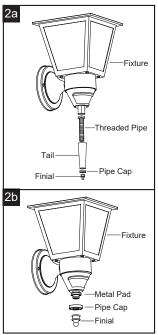
Turn off the power at fuse or circuit box.

1. Screw one end of the threaded pipe into the coupling and secure it with a hex nut. Adjust the length of the threaded pipe if necessary.

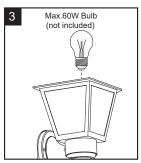


- 2. Attach the tail and pipe cap through the threaded pipe, then secure them with the finial. (Fig.2a)
  - \* Optional Assembly: (See Fig.2b)

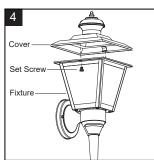
Use suitable tools to unscrew the coupling from the fixture, then remove the metal pad from the exposed threaded pipe and place the pipe cap over the exposed threaded pipe before screwing the finial.



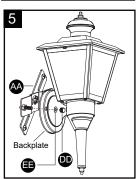
3. Install a 60W bulb Max. Medium Base Bulb (not included).



4. Unscrew the two set screws from the cover. Attach the cover to the fixture by aligning the holes of cover and fixture, then secure the cover with the two set screws.



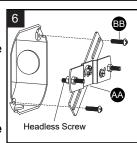
5. Unscrew the two ball nuts (DD). Remove the two rubber pads (EE) and the cross bar unit (AA) from the backplate.



Green Grounding

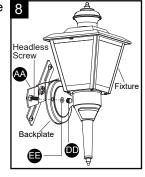
Screw

Attach the cross bar unit (AA) to the outlet box by using two mounting screws (BB). Adjust the length of the preinstalled headless screws if necessary. Note: Make sure that the headless screws are lined up horizontally to make the fixture level.



- 7. Pull out the source wires from the outlet box. Make wire connections using wire connectors (CC) as follows:
  - · Connect the hot wire (usually black insulation) from the fixture to the black wire from the power source.
  - Connect the neutral wire (usually white insulation) from the fixture to the white wire from the power source.
  - the green grounding screw, then connect it to the house grounding wire with the wire connector (CC).

8. Attach the backplate of the fixture 8 to the cross bar unit (AA) by aligning and inserting the two headless screws from the cross bar unit (AA) into the open holes on the backplate, then place the two rubber pads (EE) over the exposed headless screws before screwing the two ball nuts (DD). Note: With silicone caulking compound, caulk completely



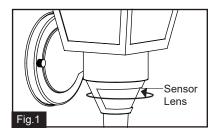
around where the backplate meets with the wall surface to prevent water from seeping into the outlet box.

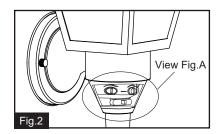
• Attach the fixture grounding wire (usually green insulation or bare wire) to the cross bar unit (AA) with Carefully put all of the wires back into the outlet box.

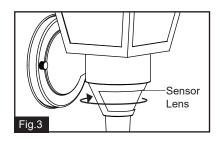
Turn on the power at fuse or circuit box

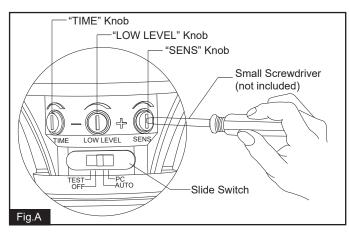


### The Position of Control Panel









- Step 1: Rotate the sensor lens from left side to right side to show the adjustable knobs and slide switch. (See Fig.1)
- Step 2: Adjust time, low level brightness and sensitivity by knobs and choose the mode you want by slide switch. (See Fig.2 and Fig A).
- Step 3: Restore the sensor lens to original position. (See Fig.3)

### **FUNCTION AND OPERATION**

Choose a mode by sliding the slide switch. The light will turn on immediately when power is applied. Wait for 30 seconds to allow the sensor to warm up.

- 1. Test MODE (daytime and nighttime operation.)
- The light will turn to low-level brightness (0~50%). The light will turn to high-level brightness (full brightness) when motion is detected, and stay on as long as the motion continues. The light will turn to the low-level brightness you set after 5 seconds when motion is no longer detected.
- 2. Off MODE (nighttime operation only)
- At dusk, the light stays off and will turn to high-level brightness (full brightness) when motion is detected, and stay on as long as the motion continues. When the motion stops, the light will stay on for the predetermined time set (5 ~ 180 seconds), then the light will turn off automatically.
- 3. Auto MODE (nighttime operation only)
- At dusk, the light will turn to low-level brightness (0~50%). The light will turn to high-level brightness (full brightness) when motion is detected, and stay on as long as the motion continues. When the motion stops, the light will remain on for the predetermined time set (5~180 seconds), and then turn to the low-level brightness you set.
- · The light will turn off automatically at dawn.
- 4. PC MODE (nighttime operation only)
- · The light will turn on (full brightness) automatically at dusk and turn off automatically at dawn.
- 5. Manual Override MODE (nighttime operation only)
- To shift to the manual override mode, set the switch to "Off" or "Auto" mode. Turn the wall switch "OFF" and then turn it "ON" within 3 seconds. The light will stay on through all night. To restore to the "Off" or "Auto" mode, turn the wall switch "OFF" and then turn it "ON" within 3 seconds again. (See Fig.4)
- The light will last for one night only and turn off automatically at dawn.
- Fig. 4 Manual Override Operation Diagram Turn wall switch OFF-ON in 0.5~3 Seconds Off Mode Manual Auto Mode Override Turn wall switch OFF-ON in 0.5~3 Seconds
  - Note: 1. The low level brightness can be adjusted from 0 to 50% by rotating "Low level" knob. (See Fig.5)
    - 2. Always keep the wall switch in the "ON" position (including the daytime).
    - 3. Please notice the warm up time is 30 seconds, any operations are invalid during this time.



## **Customization Options Shut-off Delay**

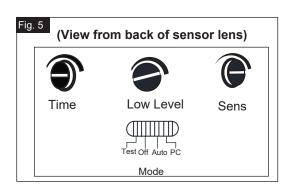
- 1. The Shut-off delay is the length of time that the light will stay in high-level brightness after motion stops.
- 2. The Shut-off delay can be adjusted by using the "Time" knob when the slide switch is set in "Off" or "Auto" mode.
- 3. The range of shut-off delay is 5 seconds to 3 minutes.
- 4. Rotate the knob clockwise for increasing the shut-off delay.
- 5. Rotate the knob counterclockwise for decreasing the shut-off delay.

### **Sensitivity of Motion Sensor**

- 1. The sensitivity can be adjusted from 5 to 40 feet by using the "Sens" knob. (See Fig.5).
- 2. Turn the knob clockwise for increase sensitivity.
- 3. Turn the knob counterclockwise for decrease sensitivity.

### NOTE:

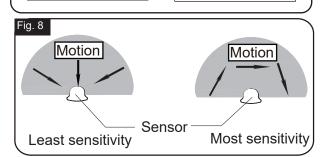
- The sensitivity of the motion sensor will increase as the environmental temperature gets colder. For best performance, gently clean the lens with a soft cloth every 1 or 2 months to ensure maximum sensitivity.
- The magnitude of adjustment for sensitivity and time may not be precisely proportionate to the amount when the knob is turned. (See Fig.5)
- 3. When installed at a height of 6.5 feet, at 77 degrees Fahrenheit, the light will provide a maximum detection distance of 40 feet and detection range of 180 degrees. (See Fig.6 Fig.7)
- 4. The sensor will be more sensitive to motion across its detection path than motion directly towards it. (See Fig.8)
- 5. To reduce possible nuisances, do not mount the fixture near a heat source like an air conditioner, vent or furnace exhaust, or in a direction facing any reflecting object or other light source.



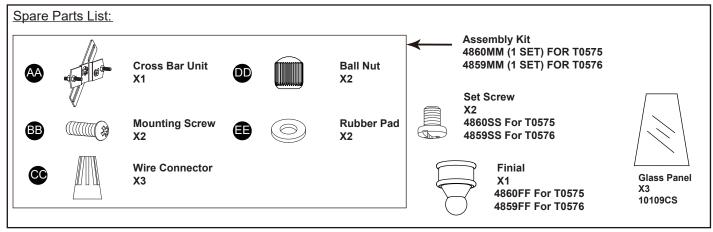
Where you install your lantern is important:
Be sure the light is mounted straight on the wall; otherwise, the detection distance may be limited.

Fig. 6

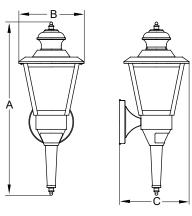
Fig. 7



The following parts are available for reorder if damaged or missing. Call our toll free at 1-800-482-9235.



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A: 16-3/4"

B: 6-3/8"

C: 6-3/4"



### TROUBLESHOOTING

Refer to following information to solve your problems.

SYMPTOM	DAY/NIGHT	POSSIBLE CAUSE	SOLUTION
If the light isn't on	Day	Slide switch is not set in the test mode.	Set the slide switch in the test mode for testing.
	Night	Wall switch or circuit breaker is off.	Turn on wall switch or circuit breaker.
		Light bulb may be burned out.	Test the light bulb on normal working light fixture.
		Light bulb is loose.	Tighten the light bulb.
		Incorrect or loose wire connections.	Check wire connections.
		Too much sunlight is shining onto sensor in the early evening.	Relocate fixture away from western facing wall.
3		Too much light is shining onto sensor due to another light source, such as a street lamp or other light fixture.	Eliminate or turn off other light source, block other light source from shining onto sensor, or relocate fixture.
If the light stays on	Day	The fixture may be installed in shaded area.	Only need to relocate fixture.
		On cloudy or overcast days, the light may stay on longer than anticipated.	No corrective action needed.
		Still on the manual override mode.	Turn off the light, then turn it on after 5 seconds.
	Night	False triggering caused by a heat source, such as a heater, dryer vent, or heated swimming pool.	Eliminate heat source or relocate fixture.
		The switch is not set in any mode.	Slide it again to the mode you want.
If the light is blinking	Night	The bulb is non-dimmable or the quality of light bulb is not good.	Use another normal incandescent lamp to confirm if the light function is normal, otherwise change the bulb.
		Passing cars and reflective objects interfere with the sensor.	Relocate fixture.
The light comes on for no apparent reason	Night	Street or sidewalk traffic is triggering motion sensor.	Adjust the "Sens" knob to reduce the sensitivity.
		False triggering caused by a heat source, such as a heater, dryer vent, or heated swimming pool.	Eliminate heat source or relocate fixture.

