ULTRA GERMICIDAL[®] SMART FAN

ULTRA VIOLET

-RNFC



PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

FR-D2102-54U

54" Ceiling Fan

Create a sanctuary with a groundbreaking fan system incorporating Ultraviolet-C (UV-C) light. Using a patent-pending system, which combines a UV-C LED ring with a powerful fan, the Ultra Germicidal Smart Fan can substantially decrease the concentration of viral pathogens, including the SARS-CoV-2 virus, in the air.** Third-party lab tests have shown a 99.99% reduction of collectable active pathogen in the air and that the active SARS-CoV-2 virus was not detectable in the breathable air after 30 minutes of operation of the Ultra Germicidal Smart Fan in a 8'x8'x10' test room.**

FEATURES

- 6 fan speeds through both Summer and Winter Modes
- Silent DC motor
- Includes BT remote control
- Compatible with Modern Forms app
- Includes violet LED indicators to let you know the UV-C module is on

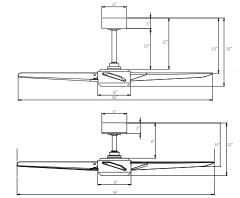
ORDER NUMBER

Model	Hous	ing	Blade	·
FR-D2102-54U	BN	Brushed Nickel	MB	Matte Black
	MB	Matte Black	MB	Matte Black
	MW	Matte White	MW	Matte White

Example: FR-D2102-54U-MW

*Reduces the SARS COV-2 viruses and other airborne pathogens. **Based on tests conducted by an independent CAP and CLIA accredited lab, Innovative Bioanalysis. The report is available at modernforms.com/ultra. The effectiveness of the Ultra Smart Fan will vary based upon application and surroundings, including but not limited to room dimensions and airflow.

LYUN ニ MARNING: This product emits ultraviolet (UV) radiation. Exposure to UV radiation can cause serious personal injuries, including damage to eyes and skin. Avoid direct exposure to the UV light. Do not operate the product while anyone could be directly exposed to the UV light. For more safety instructions, please refer to page 5 of the fan's instruction manual ("UV Safety Rules").



SPECIFICATIONS

Construction:	Aluminum, ABS		
Blade:	17º Pitch, 54" sweep		
Downrods:	3/4"W X 10"H + 3/4"W + 6"H included		
Mounting Slope:	Up to 30°		
Wire:	80"		
Hanging Weight:	18 lbs		
Total Power:	47W		
Standards:	UL/cUL Damp Location listed, Title 24 JA8-2016		
	Compliant, Title 20, Energy Star rated		
Motor Type:	120 x 20 sensorless DC motor		

This fan comes uni-pack - blade select options are not available

WIRELESS PERFORMANCE

Wi-Fi Range:	Up to 150 ft (Results may vary based on application and surroundings)
Bluetooth Range:	$Up\ to\ 150\ ft$ (Results may vary based on application and surroundings)

UV-C LED PERFORMANCE

Light Source:	UV-C LED Modules (only operate when fan is spinning)
Light Wattage:	16.5W
Dimming:	N/A
Peak wavelength:	275 nm
Maintenance:	Your module will flash when it has 80-hours left of life.

AIRFLOW/ENERGY EFFICIENCY

Weighted-Average/High Airflow CFM:	3278/5172 (tested with 10-inch downrod)
Weighted-Average/High Energy Use (W):	20/26
Estimated Yearly Energy Cost (\$):	5
Weighted-Average/High Efficiency (CFM/W):	168
Max RPM:	169

The Modern Forms app synchronizes seamlessly with smart home devices you already own

works with Google Assistant amazon alexa





🕄 ecobee 🚯 Bluetooth° Control 🏈

Disclaimer: While there may be information on our website relating to the Ultra Germicidal Smart Fan's effectiveness in reducing SARS-CoV-2 and other pathogens in the air, Modern Forms makes no claims that its products can cure, treat or prevent any conditions, including COVID-19 or other conditions that may be caused by airborne pathogens. Always consult your healthcare provider with any health-related questions.

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Modern Forms retains the right to modify the design of our products at any time as part of the company's continuous improvement program. MAY 2021

ULTRA GERMICIDAL[®] SMART FAN ULTRA VIOLET FR-D2102-54U

54" Ceiling Fan



OPTIONAL ACCESSORIES

Bluetooth Remote Control	A CORREL A CORREL MCCORREL MCCORREL	F-RCUV-	WT White	Control fan speed and UV light, and switch between Summer and Winter Modes. Compatible with Modern Forms Smart Fans. Includes easy-to-install wall cradle and batteries.
Downrod		XF-1212INXF-1818INXF-2424INXF-3636INXF-4848INXF-6060INXF-7272IN		All our downrods are 1" O.D. and are threaded on the motor end to create an extra layer of security and allow for adjustments in the field.
Downrod Couplers		XF-I		Connects two downrods together.
Sloped Ceiling Kit	1	XF-SCK		Designed to accommodate buildings with steeper sloped ceilings up to 45° or 12/12 pitch.

Examples: Remote Control: F-RCUV-WT, Downrod: XF-12-BN, Downrod Coupler: XF-1-MB, Sloped Ceiling Kit: XF-SCK-MW

SUGGESTED DOWNROD HEIGHT USAGE

Ceiling Height	15'	14'	13'	12'	11'	10'	9'
Downrod	72"	60"	48"	36"	24"	18"	12"

SLOPED CEILING DEGREE CONVERSION CHART

Degree	4-8°	9-13°	14-17°	18-21°	22-25°	26-29°	30-32°	33-35°	36-38°	39-41°	42-44°	45°
Ceiling Slope	1/12	2/12	3/12	4/12	5/12	6/12	7/12	8/12	9/12	10/12	11/12	12/12
Pitch	pitch	pitch	pitch	pitch	pitch	pitch	pitch	pitch	pitch	pitch	pitch	pitch

Supplied mounting brackets allow mounting on ceiling slopes up to 30° (7/12 pitch). Optional slope kit allows mounting on ceilings up to 45° (12/12 pitch). The receiver will mount inside canopy up to 45°.

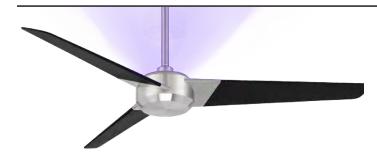
NOTE: Recommended maximum downrod length of 72" with 80" lead wire

Disclaimer: While there may be information on our website relating to the Ultra Germicidal Smart Fan's effectiveness in reducing SARS-CoV-2 and other pathogens in the air, Modern Forms makes no claims that its products can cure, treat or prevent any conditions, including COVID-19 or other conditions that may be caused by airborne pathogens. Always consult your healthcare provider with any health-related questions.

Modern Forms retains the right to modify the design of our products at any time as part of the company's continuous improvement program. MAY 2021

MODERN FORMS SMART FANS





WARNING: This product emits ultraviolet (UV) radiation. Exposure to UV radiation can cause serious personal injuries, including damage to eyes and skin. Avoid direct exposure to the UV light. For more safety instructions, please refer to page 5 of this instruction manual ("UV Safety Rules").

Directions for Use and Operations

The ULTRA offers a patent-pending system, incorporating a Module of LEDs emitting ultraviolet-C (UV-C) invisible light and a powerful fan, which can reduce the concentration of active pathogens, including the SARS-CoV-2 virus, in the air of the room where the system is operating.¹ The module also includes indicator LEDs emitting violet-color visible light to indicate that the UV-C Module is on.

To enable the UV-C technology in ULTRA to substantially reduce the concentration of active pathogens in the breathable air zones of the room where it is operating, keep the UV-C Module on for at least 30 minutes in a room of 8'x8'x10' and longer for a larger room.¹ For larger spaces, it is recommended to install multiple ULTRA fans. Once installed and powered on, the fan circulates air through the upper-room, the air passes above the UV-C Module, which acts to reduce the active pathogens.^{1,2}

The ULTRA can be operated only using the remote control supplied with the fan or the free downloadable Modern Forms app. The UV-C Module can be turned on and off from the remote. The UV-C Module **cannot** be operated independently of the ceiling fan, but the ceiling fan can be operated independently of the UV-C Module. The rotation of the fan can be increased or decreased by 6 speed levels. The direction of rotation of the fan can also be reversed. The fan also has a Breeze Mode function which fluctuates the fan speeds.

The ULTRA is Damp Location Rated and can be operated indoors or in covered outdoor locations that have no direct exposure to water, rain, or snow.

UV-C Module Indicator Lights

The ULTRA comes with violet-color indicator LEDs so the user knows when the UV-C Module is operating. The indicator LEDs **<u>cannot</u>** be turned off separately from the UV-C Module.

Performance

The UV-C Module in ULTRA operates at a UV-C range (peak wavelength of 275 nanometers³) to reduce active pathogens in the air in the room. Research shows that UV-C radiation, 100-280 nanometer (nm), can damage microorganisms' deoxyribonucleic acid (DNA) and ribonucleic acid, leading to the inactivation of bacteria or virus.⁴

¹ Based on tests conducted by an independent CAP and CLIA accredited lab, Innovative Bioanalysis. The report is available at modernforms.com/ultra. The effectiveness of the ULTRA will vary based upon application and surroundings, including but not limited to room dimensions and air flow.

² Ko G, First MW, Burge HA. The characterization of upper-room ultraviolet germicidal irradiation in inactivating airborne microorganisms. Environ Health Perspect. 2002;110(1):95-101. doi:10.1289/ehp.021109

³ Test Report IEC (Photobiological safety of lamps and lamp systems), Report No. 4789851496.2-1a, WAC Lighting, Issued May 21, 2021

⁴ Reed NG. The history of ultraviolet germicidal radiation for air disinfection. Public Health Rep. 2010;125(1):15-27

MODERN FORMS SMART FANS



Third-party lab tests conducted on the the UV-C technology used in ULTRA have shown a 99.99% reduction of collectable active pathogen in the air and that the active SARS-CoV-2 virus, specifically, was not detectable in the breathable air after 30 minutes of operation in an 8'x8'x10' test room.¹ For larger spaces, it is recommended to install multiple ULTRA fans. Whole room pathogen concentrations will vary between installation locations, and the number of ULTRA fans installed.

UV-C Module Maintenance

The ULTRA ceiling fan does not need frequent maintenance. A dry or lightly dampened cloth will be suitable for most cleaning needs. Make sure you follow all safety rules contained in the instruction manual when cleaning. DO NOT operate the ULTRA, including the UV-C Module, while performing any maintenance, repair or replacement servicing the unit.

The UV-C Module (UVF7IN-120V-R1-MOD) has a 6,500-hour lifespan. The fan is equipped with a timer that automatically tracks how much time the UV-C Module has been used. When there are approximately 80 hours remaining in the module's life, the UV-C Module will flash when the ULTRA is turned on indicating that you should replace the UV-C Module to ensure efficacy. Track and monitor use of the UV-C Module, avoid unintended extended operation, to preserve the lifespan of the UV-C Module. See replacement module instructions at modernforms.com for more information.

Troubleshooting

Please read the back of the instruction manual, visit modernforms.com, or contact our Fan Support team at: 1-866-810-6615 option 1 or fansupport@modernforms.com.

WARNING: Ultraviolet (UV) Radiation Hazard. The lamp in this The unit produces UV light. Skin or eye damage may result from direct exposure to UV light. Avoid direct exposure to UV light. Always turn off and disconnect power before servicing the unit. See Instructions for UV Safety Rules in the instruction manual.

WARNING: This product should be installed by a licensed electrician. This product should be mounted to an outlet box UL-listed marked "Acceptable for fan support" of 15.9 kg (35 lbs) or less and should use mounting screws provided with the outlet box and/or support directly from building structure. Most outlet boxes commonly used for the support of luminaires are not acceptable for fan support. Consult a licensed electrician.

For further safety instructions, please refer to page 5 of the fan's instruction manual ("UV Safety Rules").

Disclaimer: While there may be information here or on our website relating to the effectiveness of the UV-C technology incorporated in the ULTRA in reducing SARS-CoV-2 and other pathogens in the air, Modern Forms makes no claims that its products can cure, treat or prevent any conditions, including COVID-19 or other conditions that may be caused by airborne pathogens. Always consult your healthcare provider with any health-related questions.

Whole room pathogen concentrations will vary between installation locations, and the number of ULTRA fans installed, and it is not possible to predict the extent of reductions that will be achieved by the ULTRA in whole room air in any particular room or environment. The ULTRA is not a substitute for good building air exchange practices or manual cleaning and disinfection practices.

¹ Based on tests conducted by an independent CAP and CLIA accredited lab, Innovative Bioanalysis. The report is available at modernforms.com/ultra. The effectiveness of the ULTRA will vary based upon application and surroundings, including but not limited to room dimensions and air flow.







Innovative Bioanalysis 3188 Airway Ave Suite D Costa Mesa CA, 92626 www.InnovativeBioanalysis.com Email: Albert.Brockman@innovativebioanalysis.com

SARS-CoV-2 USA-CA1/2020

CLIENT: WAC LIGHTING PROJECT: UV-C AEROSOL PRODUCT: UVF7IN-120V-R1-MOD/UVF7IN-120V-R1 CAP LIC NO: 886029801 CLIA LIC NO: 05D0955926 STATE ID: CLF 00324630

CHALLENGE VIRUS: SARS-CoV-2 USA-CA1/2020



ABSTRACT: EFFICACY OF THE WAC LIGHTING FAN UVF7IN-120V-R1-MOD AGAINST AEROSOL SARS-CoV-2

Background: This in vitro study was designed to determine the efficacy of a combination fan and UV-C ring unit **(UVF7IN-120V-R1-MOD)** on an aerosolized pathogen. The product is designed to be commercially available in conjunction with the overhead fan assembly tested. The UV-C unit is designed to deactivate viral pathogens in the air above a ceiling fan. The functional goal is for the completed system to be placed in rooms and decrease the concentration of pathogens in the air when it is operating to prevent the spread of pathogens. For this challenge, the SARS-CoV-2-CA1/2020 pathogen was used. There is a demand for disinfectant devices that have a proven ability to reduce infectious pathogens in the air thereby reducing the risk of human infection and transmission. WAC Lighting supplied a pre-packaged UV-C ring and fan unit for testing purposes. For the testing, power was supplied through a power regulated 120v outlet with surge protector and backup battery system. Test procedures were followed using internal SOPs for surface viral pathogen challenges and subsequent decontamination. All internal SOPs and processes follow GCLP guidelines and recommendations.

EQUIPMENT PROVIDED:

MANUFACTURER: WAC LIGHTING MODEL: UVF7IN-120V-R1-MOD/UVF7IN-120V-R1 SERIAL #: TESTING UNITS N/A







WAC LIGHTING EQUIPMENT:

The equipment arrived at the laboratory pre-packaged from the manufacturer and was inspected for damage upon arrival. The equipment needed no installation by lab staff and all LED diodes came installed and functioning. The UV-C ring and fan housing were operated to confirm irradiance output and the system was functioning as intended.

VIRAL SAFETY TESTING CHAMBER:

The testing chamber was a large, sealed air volume testing chamber consisting of metal walls and epoxy floor which complied with BSL3 standards. The chamber was designed to be completely sealed from the outside environment to prevent any potential release of testing media into the atmosphere. The testing chamber was equipped with 2 sealed viewing windows and a lockable chamber door for entry and exit. The overall dimensions of the test chamber were approximately 8'x8'x10'.

For this test no outside air was brought in during testing and intake remained sealed. Humidity and temperature were monitored inside the chamber using a calibrated wireless device. For air sample testing, the chamber was equipped with 2 probes that were along the centerline of the room and protruded down from the ceiling 24". Each probe tube was connected to a Gilian 10i programmable system with sampling cassettes from lot #2316 made by Zefron International. A single bioaerosol nebulizing port was in the center of the 10' wall. The dissemination port protruded from the wall 24" and was connected to a programmable compressor nebulizer system.

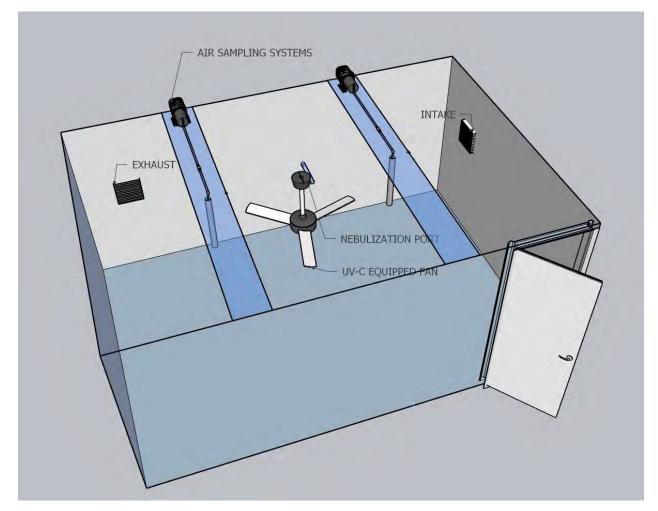
The UV-C fan combination provided by WAC Lighting was affixed to a mobile stainless-steel tubular stand inside the test chamber. A 10" down rod was provided by WAC Lighting and was affixed to the fan body. The main fan motor was approximately 12 inches below the ceiling line of the testing chamber. The fan operated in the standard forward rotation on a speed setting of 6.

Four pedestal stands were placed near each corner of the room with a height of 12 inches. On top of each table a single low volume mixing fan was placed to assist homogeneous mixing of the nebulized virus. Mixing fans had an approximately CFM of 32 and were angled up at approximately 45 degrees. Mixing fan speed were confirmed prior to testing with a vane anemometer.

Prior to testing, the chamber was pressure tested for leaks and visual inspections were made using a colored smoking device. All seals for the chamber were confirmed and all equipment used had a function test to confirm working conditions. For calibrated equipment, calibration records were checked to confirm operational status.



BIOAEROSOL SETUP:





EXPERIMENTAL SUMMARY:

- Prior to the initial control test and following each trial run the testing area was decontaminated and prepped per internal procedures.
- Temperature during all test runs was approximately 72F +/- 2F with a relative humidity of 48%.
- Relative humidity and temperature were taken in two sections of the chamber during all tests to confirm there was no more than a 3% deviation from each side.
- Air samplers were calibrated by the manufacturer on September 3, 2020 and set at a standard flow of 5.02L/min. Calibration records indicate a 0.20% tolerance.
- All sample collection volumes were set to 10-minute draws per time point.
- Sampling time points were T-20, T-30, T-40, measured in minutes from completed nebulization.
- Low volume mixing fans were turned on prior to nebulization to confirm homogenous concentrations in the test chamber. Once the overhead fan system was turned on the low volume mixing fans were turned off.
- Mixing fans were positioned at a 45-degree angle to encourage bioaerosol suspension prior to starting the UV-C fan system.
- Nebulization for control and viral test challenges were performed in the same manner with the variable being the UV-C fan unit.
- After nebulization was completed the UV-C fan system was engaged at the highest speed setting of 6. UV-C light ring was visually confirmed to be operational during testing.
- After each time point collection was completed the chamber was decontaminated and the air evacuated.
- Sample cassettes were manually removed from the collection system and stored after each time point and replaced with new cassettes.
- Upon cassette removal at each time point, cassette sets were taken to an adjacent bio safety cabinet and pooled.
- 1 control was completed, and 3 viral challenges were completed. Each time point was its own viral challenge, and the chamber was prepped and decontaminated the same way each time.

BIOAEROSOL GENERATION:

For the control and the viral challenges, the nebulizer was filled with the same amount of viral stock 6.23 x 10^6 TCID50 per mL in FBS based viral media. Solution was nebulized at a flow rate of 1ml/min. Nebulizer was driven by untreated local atmospheric air. The nebulizer's remaining viral stock volume was weighed after each completion to confirm the same amount of viral stock that was nebulized. Nebulizer was calibrated prior to testing and a particle counter confirmed average size disbursement to be .8 microns.



BIOAEROSOL SAMPLING:

For air sampling 2 different Gillian 10i programmable vacuum devices were used. Air samplers were calibrated by the manufacturer in September 2020 and certificates were inspected prior to use. Air sample volume collections were confirmed prior to use with a Gilian Gilibrator 2 SN- 200700-12 and a high flow bubble generator SN-2009012-H. Air samplers were operated in conjunction with removable sealed cassettes, which were manually removed after each sampling time point. Cassettes had a delicate internal filtration disc to collect viral samples. The low volume mixing fans stayed active throughout all testing scenarios and conditions.

VIRUS STRAIN BACKGROUND:

The following reagent was deposited by the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention and obtained through the BEI Resources, BIAID, NIH SARS-Related Coronavirus 2, Isolate USA-CA1/2020, NR-52382. This was the chosen pathogen strain because it was taken from a 38-year-old subject with severe acute respiratory syndrome in California as was part of the A lineage. This was a non-fatal case which represents most of the cases in the United State. The age group the patient belonged to was not elderly or juvenile, which was determined to be a good medium average.

POST DECONTAMINATION:

At the conclusion of each viral challenge timepoint/ test the UV system inside the testing chamber was activated for 30 minutes. After 30 minutes of UV exposure the chamber was fogged with a Hydrogen Peroxide gas mixture followed by a 30-minute air purge. All test equipment was cleaned at the end of each day with a 70% alcohol solution. Collection lines were soaked in a bleach bath mixture for 30 minutes then rinsed repeatedly with DI water. Nebulizer and Vacuum collection pumps were decontaminated with Hydrogen Peroxide mixtures.



TCID50 PROCEDURE:

Materials and Equipment:

- Certified Biological Safety Cabinet
- Micropipette and sterile disposable aerosol resistant tips 20uL, 200uL, 1000uL.
- Inverted Microscope
- Tubes for dilution
- Hemocytometer with cover slip
- Cell Media for infection
- Growth Media appropriate for cell line
- 0.4 % Trypan Blue Solution
- Lint Free Wipes saturated with 70% isopropyl alcohol.
- CO₂ Incubator set at 37°C or 34°C or other temperature indicated.

Procedure:

- 1. One day prior to infection, prepare 96 well dishes by seeding each well with Vero E6 cells in DMEM plus 7.5 % fetal bovine serum, 4mM Glutamine, and antibiotics.
- 2. On the day of infection, make dilutions of virus sample in PBS.
- 3. Make a series of dilutions at 1:10 of the original virus sample. First tube with 2.0 mL PBS and subsequent tubes with 1.8mL
- 4. Vortex Viral samples, transfer 20 uL of virus to first tube, vortex, discard tip.
- 5. With new tip, serial dilute subsequent tips transferring 200 uL.

Additions of virus dilutions to cells

- 1. Label lid of 96 well dish by drawing grid lines to delineate quadruplicates and number each grid to correspond to the virus sample and label the rows of the plate for the dilution which will be plated.
- 2. Include 4 Negative wells on each plate which will not be infected.
- 3. Remove all but 0.1 mL of media from each well by vacuum aspiration.
- 4. Starting from the most dilute sample, add 0.1 mL of virus dilution to each of the quadruplicate wells for that dilution.
- 5. Infect 4 wells per dilution, working backward.
- 6. Allow the virus to absorb to cells at 37°C for 2 hours.
- 7. After absorption, remove virus inoculum. Start with the most dilute and work backwards.
- 8. Add 0.5 mL infection medium to each well being careful to not touch the wells with the pipette.
- 9. Place plates at 37°C and monitor CPE using the inverted microscope over a period of 1 to 4 weeks.
- 10. Record the number of positive and negative wells.



CONTROL:

One Control test was conducted without the UV-C fan system activated in the testing chamber. Control samples were taken at each of the corresponding sample times for the viral challenge. Nebulization of viral media was the same for the control as the viral challenge. Control testing was used for the comparative baseline to assess the viral reduction when the UV system was operated in the challenge trials, to enable net reduction calculations to be made. During the control test, four low volume fans were operated in each corner of the testing chamber to ensure homogenous mixing of the pathogen and shut off at the start of the trial which would be indicated by the 0-time point. During the control temperature and relative humidity were monitored. Prior to running the viral challenges temperature and humidity were confirmed to be in relative range to the control +/- 3%.

VIRAL CHALLENGE:

The challenge pathogen, SARS-CoV-2-USA-CA1/2020, was used for testing the efficacy of the fan system equipped with the UV-C ring technology. During the challenge tests the pressure in the challenge chamber was monitored to confirm no portion of the chamber was leaking. The bioaerosol efficacy challenge was completed in three distinct trials with the active pathogen to create a baseline of data. The UV-C fan combination system was in the same position for each viral challenge and operated in the same manner. Prior to nebulizing the viral pathogen, the UV system was turned on and allowed to run for 15 minutes to simulate a real-world environment and allow the device to reach standard operating conditions and turned off just prior to starting nebulization. Four low volume mixing fans were used during the nebulization period of the control test and viral pathogen test. Sample times were as follows with T equal to minutes, T-20, T-30, T-40. Sampling occurred using 2 automatic air volume samplers that operated simultaneously for each collection. Samplers were pre-set to automatically shut off after 10 minutes of collection. Collections were made via the equipment utilizing viral media coated filters for maximum pathogen trapping and stability. Collection samples were provided to lab staff for pooling after each collection time point.



VIRAL STOCK: SARS-CoV-2 USA-CA1/2020 (BEI NR-52382)

TEST	SPECIFICATIONS	RESULTS
Identification by Infectivity in Vero 6	Cell Rounding and	Cell Rounding and
cells	Detachment	Detachment
Next Generation Sequencing (NGS) of	≥ 98% identity with SARS-	99.9% identity with SARS-
complete genome using Illumina®	CoV 2, isolate USA-	CoV 2, isolate USA-CA1/2020
iSeq™ 100 Platform	CA1/2020	GenBank: MN994467.1
	GenBank: MN994467.1	
		100% identity with SARS-CoV
(Approx. 940 Nucleotides	≥ 98% identity with SARS-	2, strain FDAARGOS_983
	CoV 2, strain	isolate USA-CA1/2020
	FDAARGOS_983 isolate	GenBank: MT246667.1
	USA-CA1/2020	
	GenBank: MT246667.1	
Titer by TCID50 in Vero E6 Cells by	Report Results	2.8 X 10^5 TCID50 per mL in
Cytopathic effect		5 days at 37°C and 5% CO2
Sterility (21-Day Incubation)		
Harpos HTYE Broth, aerobic	No Growth	No Growth
Trypticase Soy Broth, aerobic	No Growth	No Growth
Sabourad Broth, aerobic	No Growth	No Growth
Sheep Blood Agar, aerobic	No Growth	No Growth
Sheep Blood Agar, anaerobic	No Growth	No Growth
Thioglycollate Broth, anaerobic	No Growth	No Growth
DMEM with 10% FBS	No Growth	No Growth
Sterility (21-Day Incubation)		
Harpos HTYE Broth, aerobic	No Growth	No Growth
Trypticase Soy Broth, aerobic	No Growth	No Growth
Sabourad Broth, aerobic	No Growth	No Growth
Sheep Blood Agar, aerobic	No Growth	No Growth
Sheep Blood Agar, anaerobic	No Growth	No Growth
Thioglycollate Broth, anaerobic	No Growth	No Growth
DMEM with 10% FBS	No Growth	No Growth
Mycoplasma Contamination		
Agar and Broth Culture	None Detected	None Detected
DNA Detection by PCR of extracted	None Detected	None Detected
Test Article nucleic acid.		



CONCLUSIONS:

The WAC Lighting Fan and UV-C combined technology performed similar to manufacturer specifications and showed a reduction of active virus after 20 minutes of exposure in aerosol form. The active SARS-CoV-2 virus was not detectable in the breathable air at the 30-minute timepoint, (levels were below the 120 TCID50 / ml limit of quantification. This would equate to a 4-log reduction compared to the control values. Within 20 minutes there was an 84.71% reduction in recoverable active pathogens in the air. After 30 minutes of exposure in the chamber there was a 99.99% reduction of collectable active pathogen in the air. After 40 minutes of exposure the results were the same as the 30-minute time point with a 99.99% reduction of collectable active pathogen in the air.

Taking into consideration the starting concentration of active SARS-CoV-2 virus used in the testing environment, the volume aerosolized, one could assume that the likelihood of entering a naturally occurring environment with this quantity of active pathogen in the air would be unlikely.

When aerosolizing pathogens and collecting said pathogens, there are variables that cannot be fully accounted for, namely, placement of pathogen, collection volume, collection points, drop rate, surface saturation, viral destruction on collection, viral destruction on nebulization, and possibly others. Every effort was made to address these constraints with the design and execution of the trials. And these efforts are reflected in the meaningful recovery of virus in the control test.

There was a large amount of sterilization achieved by the fan UV-C combination system in the first 20 minutes. The reduction of collectable virus in the air was significant over the course of 40 minutes. Overall, the ceiling mountable fan with UV-C installed showed efficacy in the destruction and removal of SARS-CoV-2USA_CA1/2020 from the breathable air zones. Based on the understood method by which UV-C exposure deactivates pathogens and effects cell structure results would likely not be confined to s single genetic variation of the pathogen. Results would be expected to be similar on the various genetic mutations of SARS-CoV-2 which currently occur if the structures and sizes of the pathogens were consistent with test samples.

DISCLAIMER:

The Innovative Bioanalysis, LLC. ("Innovative Bioanalysis") laboratory is not certified or licensed by the United States Environmental Protection Agency and makes no equipment emissions claims pertaining to ozone, hydrogen peroxide gas, reactive oxygen species, volatile organic compounds, or byproduct of any WAC Lighting device. Innovative Bioanalysis makes no claims to the overall efficacy of any WAC Lighting UV-C system. The experiment results are solely applicable to the device used in the trial. The results are only representative of the experiment design described in this report. Innovative Bioanalysis makes no claims as to the reproducibility of the experiment results given the possible variation of experiment results even with an identical test environment, viral strain, collection method, inoculation, viral media, cell type, and culture procedure. Innovative Bioanalysis makes no claims to third parties and takes no responsibility for any consequences arising out of the use of, or reliance on, the experiment results by third parties.

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Albert Brockman Chief Biosafety Officer, Innovative Bioanalysis	Date
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Kevin Noble Chief Operating Officer, Innovative Bioanalysis	Date